



**Calculation of induced voltage for balanced load condition:**

$$E_1 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_r \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} + j \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = -137,4 - j35,6 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_1 = |E_1| = 142 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_2 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_r \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = 115 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_2 = |E_2| = 115 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_3 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_r \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} - j \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = 137,4 - j35,6 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_3 = |E_3| = 142 \frac{V}{km}$$

For 1,44 km  $E_1 = E_3 = 204 V$  and  $E_2 = 165 V$

**Calculation of induced voltage for 3-phase short circuit:**

$$E_1 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_{sc} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} + j \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = -4308 - j1115 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_1 = |E_1| = 4445 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_2 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_{sc} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = 3602 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_2 = |E_2| = 3602 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_3 = j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot I_{sc} \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{2} - j \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot s}{d_e} \right) = 4308 - j1115 \frac{V}{km}$$

$$E_3 = |E_3| = 4445 \frac{V}{km}$$

For 1,44 km  $E_1 = E_3 = 6,41 kV$  and  $E_2 = 5,19 kV$

**Calculation of induced voltage for 1-phase short circuit:**

$$E = \left[ R_c + j \cdot 2 \cdot \omega \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{2 \cdot S_{ic}}{d_e \cdot \gamma_c} \right) \right] \cdot I_{sc} = -2,37 - j9,31 \frac{kV}{km}$$

$$E = |E| = 9,61 \frac{kV}{km}$$

For 1,44 km  $E = 13,8 kV$